

User Manual

DBM 700 FLOWMETER

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KIMO has designed and manufactured the DBM 700 flowmeter to be indispensable to engineers responsible for balancing airflow in air conditioning system.

With its interchangeable hoods the DBM 700 can be adapted to all sizes of grille or diffuser whether it is delivering or extracting air.

The KIMO DBM 700 is light and easy to handle ensuring reliable and accurate measurements.



- Make your DBM 700 fit your requirements, 6 interchangeable hoods available : 500x500mm, 700x700mm, 400x1200mm, 700x1200mm, 400x1500mm, 1000x1000mm
- Measurement range from 85 to 4000 m³/h.
- Accuracy : ±3% of the reading ±10 m³/h (whichever is the greater).
- · Quick and simple hood changes, no disturbance to the flow.
- Optional software to download the measured values to your PC for analysis.
- Reliable and robust yet light and easy to handle.
- HOLD function, data recorder capable of storing 2000 readings, choice of the languages.
- Adjustable display.



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TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION

	MEASUREMENT RANGE	ACCURACY	RESOLUTION
AIR FLOW	from 85 to 4000 m ³ /h	3% of the measurement ±10 m ³ /h	1 m ³ /h from 0 to 1000 m ³ /h 10 m ³ /h from 1000 to 4000 m ³ /h
TEMPERATURE	0 to 50°C	2% of the measurement ±0,1°C	0,1°C

- DISPLAY: Alphanumeric. 4 lines of 16 characters.
- DIMENSIONS : 700 x 700 hood height 860 mm Height of the base : 160 mm
- WEIGHT : Base only :1,8 kg
 - Base + hood : 2,5 kg
- BASE DIAMETER : 500 mm external 400 mm internal.
- HOODS DIMENSIONS: 500 x 500 mm, 700 x 700 mm, 400 x 1200 mm, 700 X 1200 mm, 400 x 1500 mm, 1000 x 1000 mm.

MEASUREMENT GRILLE:



DISPLAY:



Hoods assembly_

6 SIZES AVAILABLE : 500 x 500 mm, 700 x 700 mm, 400 x 1200 mm, 700 X 1200 mm, 400 x 1500 mm, 1000 x 1000 mm.

ASSEMBLING THE HOOD

1. Assemble the aluminium sections, tighten the knurled fasteners. Put the foam uppermost.





- 2. Select the correct hood for the frame.
- 3. Put the elastic (located at the top of the hood) over the frame ensuring that the seams are in the corners.
- 4. Put the elastic (located at the bottom of the hood) other the instrument taking care to align the seams with the hood attachment points.
- 5. Place the rod ends in the hood attachment points, the rods must then cross (see photo) before being fitted in the opposite corner of the aluminium frame.

The instrument is now ready to use.





The 6 hood sizes can be assembled from the components shown :



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A set of

extensions

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A set of

extensions

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A set of

extensions

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OPERATION

- 1. Switch on the instrument with the key 0/1.
- 2. Select "supply" or "exhaust" mode from the menu.
- 3. Align the DBM 700 flowmeter hood with the grille or diffuser to be measured.
- 4. The display instantly shows the temperature and airflow.
- 5. The reading can be saved by using the handhold or keyboard buttons. Select end to return to previous menu.

HOW TO USE THE MENU :



Keys to move around the menu and adjust values.



MENU FUNCTIONS :

Supply / Exhaust



Point by point average :



Press OK (or hold button on keyboard or button on hand hold) each time you require a reading to be taken, the display indicates the number of readings saved (valid point), (200 readings can be taken).



Select "Points reading" to view individual readings. Press 1 or 1 to select each readings, press OK to view. Select "Points reading" to view other readings, "Exit" to return to the previous menu.



A coefficient can be entered to correct system variances :



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To return to the previous menu, select Exit and press OK.

SELECTION OF LANGUAGES :

Languages available : French, English, German, Italian, Spanish, Dutch.

Maintain the opposite key pushed and press on key 0/1.



By mean of the following keys, scroll down the different languages available.

Confirm by pressing OK.



MAINTENANCE

BATTERY REPLACEMENT :

Slacken the knurled handwheel next the display. Rotate display to view back, remove the screw from the battery compartment cover (RH corner) with a 0 pt pozi drive screwdriver.

MEASUREMENT GRILLE :

The grille must be examined regularly in way to ensure that the 24 sampling points are not blocked. We recommend careful cleaning with a clean dry lint free cloth.



KIMO calibrates its instruments against traceable standards to guarantee a consistent quality of measurement. We recommend that instruments be returned for re-calibration and re-certification annually as part of your quality control procedures.

CORRECTION FACTOR PROCEDURE

The DBM 700 flowmeter from KIMO is specially dedicated to balancing of HVAC systems.

In order to make a proper balancing, you can enter a correction factor coefficient of the measurement.

WHY DO YOU NEED TO ENTER A CORRECTION FACTOR OF THE MEASUREMENT?

When putting the instrument onto the grid, it creates an exit loss mainly because of 2 reasons:

1) The air flow inside the measuring cone creates an exist loss ; the more turbulent the air flow (exhausting the vent) is, the bigger the exit loss is.

2) The air inside the pipes often goes out of the vent (in the vent, the movement resistance is lower); then, if you put the DBM700 on the vent, it makes a sealing which creates a resistance to air flow.



These 2 reasons, in addition to the specific features of the installation (such as number of diffusers on a same air movement system, number of derivations between diffusers...) determine a airflow value lower to the real value.

Therefore, norms and procedures recommend to measure the airflow backward the air diffuser, with an anemometer (Pitot tube, hotwire...), in order to measure the real airflow (RA) and to correct the airflow measured with the DBM 700.

PROCEDURE TO CALCULATE THE CORRECTION FACTOR OF THE MEASUREMENT

<u>First step</u>: check that the factor entered is **1,000** so that the reading does not include a correction factor.

Caution

When you enter the coefficient, you have to enter the figure multiplied by 1000 (no comma).

For example:

to enter a coefficient of « 1 » (1,000)

you have to input "1000".

If you input "0001", then it corresponds to a coefficient of 0,001: your airflow measurement will be stopped at 0 m3/h.

1. With your anemometer, measure the real airflow (real airflow « RA ») backward the air diffuser.

2. With the DBM 700, measure the airflow on the air diffuser (diffuser airflow « DA »), being sure that the coefficient is 1,000.

3. Your coefficient = RA / DA

Now, you know your coefficient, that you can enter. Then, you can make your measurements adjusted.

EXAMPLE

The airflow measured by the DBM 700 (with coefficient 1,000) is 350m3/h: **DA** The airflow measured backward the vent is 500m3/h: **RA**

Coeff = RA / DA = 500 / 350 = 1,43

Then, you can enter « **1430** » in the DBM 700, which corresponds to a coefficient of **1,430**.

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